

## SET B

### PASSAGE 1

In this age, when people's involvement in day-to-day matters is mounting, it is the electronic system that offers a potential service infrastructure which could, with careful programming, probably take care of a very large element of what we describe as mechanical, procedural governance without all the distortions, corruptions and harassments which constitute the daily misery of the average citizens. Of course, the electronic system will only behave to the extent that they are properly programmed, but this is not a difficult job today. Once we move our minds beyond the more use of electronic revolution for business efficiency and higher profit abilities and apply it to the task of reducing the routine repetitive activities of governance, we will conserve time and energy for more important and creative-tasks. We can rather say that electronic reevaluation can make far better and more effective handling of real everyday problems, additionally providing the basic service of computerized information banks. Even in less developed conditions, the potential of the electronic network to take over a great deal of what is called bureaucratic 'paper work' has been vividly demonstrated. Licensing system involving endless form-filling in endless copies; tax matters which baffle millions of citizens, particularly those who have nothing to hide; election systems which require massive supervisory mobilization of referendums based on mini-scale samples which seldom reflect the reality at the social base. At all these points, the electronic advantage is seen and recognized. However, we must proceed further. It is not a difficult task to foresee a situation where the citizen with his personalized computer entry card, his 'number', is able to enter the electronic network for a variety of needs now serviced by regiments of officials, high and low. In fact, it is already happening in a lot of countries. From simple needs, we will move to a more complex servicing, and ultimately into creativity or what is called 'artificial intelligence'.

1. According to the passage, what is the limitation of the electronic system?

- (a) It will act only as it is programmed
- (b) It needs trained personnel to operate
- (c) It is a very costly technology
- (d) All the above

2. What is meant by 'artificial intelligence' in the passage?

- (a) Ability to think
- (b) Intelligence of computer
- (c) Providing information
- (d) Intelligence of human brain

3. Which of the following is the basic service provided by the electronic system?

- (a) Taking care of routine activities
- (b) Defending the administrative structure

- (c) Reducing the repetitive activities
- (d) Providing store of information

4. The author's main objective seems to be

- (a) To make a strong case of the electronic system
- (b) To visualize the future use of computer
- (c) To point out pitfalls in the administrative system
- (d) All the above

5. In his presentation he seems to be

- (a) Pessimistic
- (b) Worried
- (c) Contented
- (d) Critical

## **PASSAGE 2**

What is immediately needed today is the establishment of a World Government or an International Federation of Mankind. It is the utmost necessity of the world today, and all those persons who wish to see all human beings happy and prosperous naturally feel it keenly. Of course, at times, we all feel that many of our problems of our political, social and cultural life would come to an end if there were one Government all over the world. Travellers, businessmen, seekers of knowledge and teachers of righteousness know very well that great impediments and obstructions are faced by them when they pass from one country to another, exchange goods, get information, and make an effort to spread their good gospel among their fellow-men. In the past religious sects divided one set of people against another, colour of the skin or construction of the body set one against the other. But today when philosophical light has exploded the darkness that was created by religious differences, and when scientific knowledge has falsified the theory of social superiority and when modern inventions have enabled human beings of all religious views and of all races and colours to come in frequent contact with one another, it is the governments of various countries that keep people of one country apart from those of another. They create artificial barriers, unnatural distinctions, unhealthy isolation, unnecessary fears and dangers in the minds of the common men who by their nature want to live in friendship with their fellow-men. But all these evils would cease to exist if there were one Government all over the world.

6. What is the urgent need of the world today ?

- (A) The establishment of an international economic order
- (B) The establishment of a world government
- (C) The creation of a cultured international social order
- (D) The raising of an international spiritual army

7. The people who face impediments and obstructions when they pass from one country to another and do a lot of good jobs are all the following except:

- (A) Travellers
- (B) Businessmen
- (C) Seekers of knowledge
- (D) Teachers of righteousness

8. In the past religious sects :

- (A) United the people with one another
- (B) Divided one set of people from another
- (C) Did a good job by way of spreading message of love and peace
- (D) Interfered in political affairs

9. What was the factor that set one man against another?

- (A) Material prosperity of certain people in the midst of grinding poverty
- (B) Superior physical strength of some persons
- (C) Colour of the skin or construction of the body
- (D) Some people being educated and other illiterate

10. The theory of racial superiority stands falsified today by:

- (A) Scientific knowledge
- (B) The ascendancy of a people who were here-to fore considered of inferior racial stock
- (C) The achievements of the so-called inferior races in every field of life
- (D) The precedence given to physical prowess which the so-called inferior races possess and the so-called superior races lack

11. What will the world Government be expected to do?

- (A) It will bring about universal happiness and prosperity
- (B) It will end all wars for all time to come
- (C) It will bring about a moral regeneration of mankind
- (D) It will kill the satan that is in man

12. Which of the following problems has not been mentioned in the passage as likely to be solved with the establishment of world Government ?

- (A) Social problems
- (B) Political problems
- (C) Cultural problems
- (D) Economic problems

13. What or what divide/divides people of one country against another ?

- (A) Different religions.
- (B) Different languages.

- (C) Different social and political systems of different people.
- (D) Government of various countries.

14. What do the government of various countries do to keep people of one country apart from those of another?

- (A) They create artificial barriers.
- (B) They create unnatural distinctions.
- (C) They foster unhealthy isolation.
- (D) All of them.

15. The most appropriate title of the above passage may be:

- (A) The Evils Nurtured by National Governments.
- (B) The Unity of the World.
- (C) The Need of World Government.
- (D) The Role of Religion in the Modern Times.

***Directions for (Qs. 16 & 17 ) : In these questions, choose the word from the alternatives (a), (b), (c) and (d) that is opposite in meaning to the word given in CAPITAL letters.***

16. MULTIPLY

- A. bisect
- B. accumulate
- C. lessen
- D. deliver

17. MATURE

- A. ripe
- B. experienced
- C. juvenile
- D. intelligent

***Direction (Qs. 18 to 19) : In these questions, choose the word from the alternatives (a), (b), (c) and (d) that is same in meaning to the word given in CAPITAL letters.***

18. FULL

- A.. hollow

- B.. empty
- C.. simple
- D.. packed

19. BROAD

- A.. thin
- B.. wide
- C.. deep
- D.. big

**Directions for Q.20 to 22: Complete the sentence using the word or set of words for each blank that best fits the meaning of the sentence as a whole.**

20. \_\_\_\_\_ contains lists of words that have similar meanings; a student can use one to find \_\_\_\_\_ to use in his or her writing.

- A. An atlas ... maps
- B. A thesaurus ... synonyms
- C. An encyclopedia ... homonyms
- D. A dictionary ... locations

21. The other children did not want Alexander to play with them, so they \_\_\_\_\_ him from their game.

- A. exchanged
- B. exhibited
- C. exposed
- D. excluded

22. My neighbour wears a mask when he is outdoors because he doesn't want to \_\_\_\_\_ the pollution in the air.

- A. consume
- B. inhale
- C. infect
- D. overcome

**Directions for Q. 23 to 26 : Read the following sentences and select the option that corrects the underlined sections. If the sentences sections are correct as written, choose option A.**

23. The helium-filled balloon rose in the air.

- A. rose in the air.
- B. was rising in the air.
- C. was in the air.
- D. rose into the air.

24. Do you know that these gloves have lay on the bureau all week?

- A. have lay on
- B. have laid on
- C. would lie on
- D. have laid on

25. If he would have revised his first draft, he would have received a better grade.

- A. would have revised
- B. had revised
- C. could of revised
- D. had of revised

26. By next month, Ms. Jones will be Mayor of Tallahassee for two years.

- A. will be Mayor of Tallahassee
- B. will have been Mayor of Tallahassee
- C. will be mayor of Tallahassee
- D. could have been Mayor of Tallahassee

**Directions for Q. 27 to 30 : Arrange the following options A,B,C & D so as to form a coherent paragraph.**

27. 1) Selection of advertising media is a difficult problem.

- A. The economy moves up gradually in every country and changes people's needs.
  - B. Innovative media may benefit advertisers the most while avoiding the drawbacks of traditional media in India.
  - C. In India conditions, several magazines and journals in different languages are available.
  - D. There may be different advertising media in different countries having their respective scopes and limitations.
- 6) Therefore, marketing of a product may require new media of advertisement.

- a. DCBA
- b. DABC
- c. CADB
- d. CBAD

28. A. A bishop's dream led to the building seen today, which dates from 1499.  
B. Worshippers have visited the abbey site since 676 A.D.  
C. It features a notable stone fan valued ceiling.  
D. called the lantern the west, the Abbey is regarded as an outstanding example of perpendicular.

- a. ACBD
- b. ABCD
- c. BDAC
- d. BADC

29. A. If buyers are willing to pay for these unique features; then the price premium will lead to higher profits.

- B. Just being different is not a differentiation strategy.
- C. Offering the most unreliable cars is not going to lead to superior performance.
- D. The key to a successful differentiation strategy is to be unique in ways that are valued by buyers.

- a. ABCD
- b. BCDA
- c. BADC
- d. ACDB

30. 1) You should keep up your walking routine regardless of the weather

- A. Even on a rainy day, there are often periods when the rain stops.
  - B. You still get on with the rest of your life, don't you?
  - C. After all, the weather does not normally stop you getting to work or playing golf
  - D. There are few days when the weather is so unpleasant that it is impossible to walk
- 6) A solution can always be found if you are honest with yourself.

- a. DBAC
- b. CDBA
- c. DACB
- d. CADB

