ACHLA



Test Booklet Code

BB

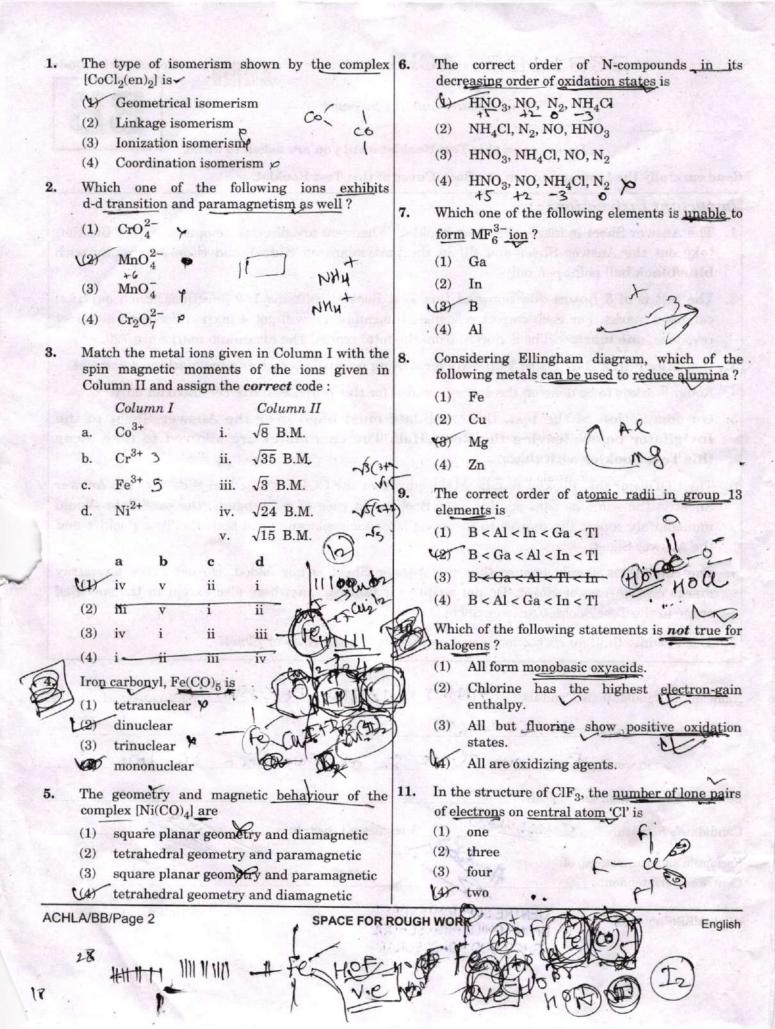
This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

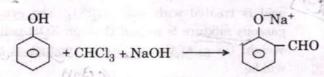
Read carefully the Instructions on the Back Cover of this Test Booklet.

Important Instructions:

- The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on Side-1 and Side-2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen only.
- The test is of 3 hours duration and this Test Booklet contains 180 questions. Each question carries 4 marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is BB. Make sure that the CODE printed on Side-2 of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is not permissible on the Answer Sheet.



12. In the reaction



the electrophile involved is

(1) dichloromethyl cation (CHCl2)

(2) dichlorocarbene (:CCl2)

- (3) dichloromethyl anion (CHCl2)
- (4) formyl cation (CHO)

Carboxylic acids have higher boiling points than aldehydes, ketones and even alcohols of comparable molecular mass. It is due to their

- (1) formation of intramolecular H-bonding
- formation of intermolecular H-bonding
- (3) more extensive association of carboxylic acid via van der Waals force of attraction >
- (4) formation of carboxylate ion
- 14. Compound A, C₈H₁₀O, is found to react with NaOI (produced by reacting Y with NaOH) and yields a yellow precipitate with characteristic smell.

A and Y are respectively

(1) $H_3C \longrightarrow CH_2 - OH \text{ and } I_2$

HOU WPB6 CH₃ CH₃ OH and I₂

(4) \sim CH₂ – CH₂ – OH and I₂

Which oxide of nitrogen is **not** a common pollutant introduced into the atmosphere both due to natural and human activity?

N₂O₅

- (2) · NO
- (3) N₂O W
- (4) NO₂

6. The compound A on treatment with Na gives B, and with PCl₅ gives C. B and C react together to give diethyl ether. A, B and C are in the order

- (1) C₂H₅OH, C₂H₆, C₂H₅Cl
- (3) C₂H₅Cl, C₂H₆, C₂H₅OH **p**
- (4) C_2H_5OH , C_2H_5Cl , C_2H_5ONa

The compound C₇H₈ undergoes the following reactions:

 $C_7H_8 \xrightarrow{3 \text{ Cl}_2/\Delta} A \xrightarrow{Br_2/Fe} B \xrightarrow{Zn/HCl} C$

The product 'C' is

- (1) m-bromotoluene
- (2) p-bromotoluene
- (3) 3-bromo-2,4,6-trichlorotoluene
- (4) o-bromotoluene

Hydrocarbon (A) reacts with bromine by substitution to form an alkyl bromide which by Wurtz reaction is converted to gaseous hydrocarbon containing less than four carbon atoms. (A) is

(1) CH = CH

121 CH4 CM387 C-C

- (3) CH3-CH3 C-C-C-C
- (4) CH₂ = CH₂

ACHLA/BB/Page 3

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

Which of the following molecules represents the order of hybridisation sp2, sp2, sp, sp from left to right atoms?

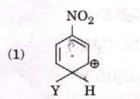
HC = C - C = CH . C = C = C

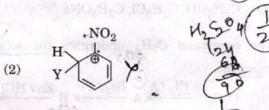
(2) CH₃ - CH = CH - CH₃

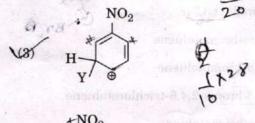
(3) CH₂ = CH - CH = CH₂

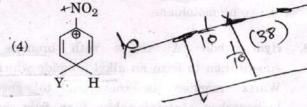
CH2 = CH - C = CH '

20. Which of the following carbocations is expected to be most stable?









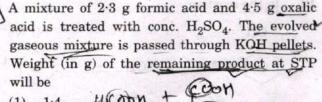
Which of the following is correct with respect to - I effect of the substituents ? (R = alkyl)

-NH2 <-OR <-F

(2) $-NR_2 > -OR > -F$

(3) -NH2>-OR>-F

 $(4) - NR_2 < -OR < -F$



(1) 1.4

2.8

(4) 3.0

The difference between amylose and amylopectin

Amylopectin have $1 \rightarrow 4$ α -linkage and $1 \rightarrow 6 \alpha$ -linkage

Amylose is made up of glucose and galactose

Amylopectin have 1 3 4 α-linkage and $1 \rightarrow 6 \beta$ -linkage

Amylose have α-linkage $1 \rightarrow 4$ $1 \rightarrow 6 \beta$ -linkage

24. Which of the following compounds can form a zwitterion?

(1) Aniline

Glycine

Benzoic acid

(4) Acetanilide

Regarding cross-linked or network polymers, which of the following statements is incorrect?

(1) They contain covalent bonds between various linear polymer chains.

They contain strong covalent bonds in their polymer chains.

Examples are bakelite and melamine.

They are formed from bi- and tri-functional monomers.

Nitration of aniline in strong acidic medium also 26. gives m-nitroaniline because

> In spite of substituents nitro group always (1) goes to only m-position.

421 In acidic (strong) medium aniline is present as anilinium ion.

(3) In absence of substituents nitro group always goes to m-position.

(4) electrophilic substitution reactions amino group is meta directive.

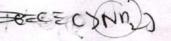
ACHLA/BB/Page 4

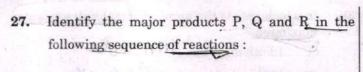
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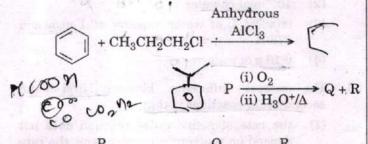


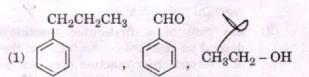


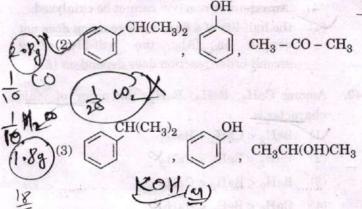


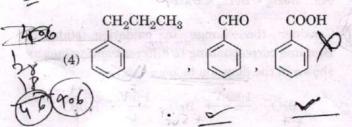












Which of the following oxides is most acidic in nature?

- (1) MgO
- CaO
- (3) BaO

BeO

ACHLA/BB/Page 5

- Following solutions were prepared by mixing different volumes of NaOH and HCl of different concentrations:
 - a. $60 \text{ mL } \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{ HCl} + 40 \text{ mL } \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{ NaOH}$
 - 55 mL $\frac{M}{10}$ HCl + 45 mL $\frac{M}{10}$ NaQH \nearrow
 - c. $75 \text{ mL} \frac{\text{M}}{\text{E}} \text{ HCl} + 25 \text{ mL} \frac{\text{M}}{\text{E}} \text{ NaOH } \checkmark$
 - d. $100 \text{ mL} \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{ HCl} + 100 \text{ mL} \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{ NaOH} \text{ } \text{\%}$ pH of which one of them will be equal to 1)?

 - (3) d.
 - (4) a

On which of the following properties does the coagulating power of an ion depend?

- The magnitude of the charge on the ion
- The sign of charge on the ion alone
- Both magnitude and sign of the charge on the ion
- Size of the ion alone
- Given van der Waals constant for NH3, H2,,O2 and CO2 are respectively 4.17, 0.244, 1.36 and 3.59, which one of the following gases is most
 - easily liquefied? WHY NHO
 - CO2
 - (3) . O₂
 - (4) H₂
- solubility of BaSO₄ in water is 32. 2.42×10^{-3} gL⁻¹ at 298 K. The value of its solubility product (Ksp) will be (Given molar mass of $BaSO_4 = 233 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$)

$$1.08 \times 10^{-10} \, \text{mol}^2 \, \text{L}^{-2}$$

(2) $1.08 \times 10^{-8} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$

- (3) $1.08 \times 10^{-14} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$
- $1.08 \times 10^{-12} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$

33. For the redox reaction

$$\operatorname{MnO}_4^- + \operatorname{C}_2\operatorname{O}_4^{2-} + \operatorname{H}^+ \longrightarrow \operatorname{Mn}^{2+} + \operatorname{CO}_2 + \operatorname{H}_2\operatorname{O}$$

the correct coefficients of the reactants for the balanced equation are

MnO_4^-	$C_2O_4^{2-}$	H ⁺
4	2 4	-

- (1)
- (2)
- 16 (3)

Which one of the following conditions will favour maximum formation of the product in the reaction,

$$A_2(g) + B_2(g) \rightleftharpoons X_2(g) \Delta_r H = -X kJ$$
?

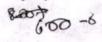
- Low temperature and high pressure
 - (2) High temperature and low pressure
 - (3) High temperature and high pressure
 - Low temperature and low pressure

When initial concentration of the reactant is doubled, the half-life period of a zero order reaction

- (1)
- is halved (2)remains unchanged
- (3) is tripled
- is doubled

The bond dissociation energies of X2, Y2 and XY are in the ratio of 1:0.5:1. AH for the formation of XY is -200 kJ mol-1. The bond dissociation energy of X2 will be

- 200 kJ mol-1 X
- 400 kJ mol^{-1} (2)
- 800 kJ mol-1 V3X
- 100 kJ mol-1



37. The correction factor 'a' to the ideal gas equation corresponds to

- (1) density of the gas molecules *
- (2) forces of attraction between the gas molecules
- electric field present between the gas (3) molecules
- volume of the gas molecules

In which case is the number of molecules of water maximum?

- At 18 mL of water INA mole.
- 10-3 mol of water 163 NA X
- 0.00224 L of water vapours at 1 atm and 154NA D
- 0.18 g of water 10-2 (4)

correct difference between first-39. The second-order reactions is that

- the rate of a first-order reaction does not depend on reactant concentrations; the rate of a second-order reaction does depend on reactant concentrations
- the rate of a first-order reaction does (2)depend on reactant concentrations; the rate of a second-order reaction does not depend on reactant concentrations
- (3)a first-order reaction can be catalyzed; a second-order reaction cannot be catalyzed
- the half-life of a first-order reaction does not depend on [A]0; the half-life of a second-order reaction does depend on [A]o

Among CaH2, BeH2, BaH2, the order of ionic character is

- BeHo < CaHo < BaHo.
- (2) BaH₂ < BeH₂ < CaH₂
- (3) BeH₂ < BaH₂ < CaH₂
- (4) CaH₂ < BeH₂ < BaH₂>

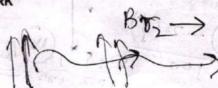
Consider the change in oxidation state of Bromine corresponding to different emf values as shown in the diagram below:

Then the species undergoing disproportionation

- (1) BrO

- (4) Bro

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ACHLA/BB/Page 6

42. Consider the following species:

CN+, CN-, NO and CN

Which one of these will have the highest bond order?

- (1) NO 2-5
- (2) CN 2.5
- (3) CN+

647 CN 3

43. Which one is a wrong statement?

- Total orbital angular momentum of electron in 's' orbital is equal to zero.
- (2) The value of m for d₂2 is zero.
- The electronic configuration of N atom is

$1s^2$	$2s^2$	$2p_x^1$	$2p_y^1$	$2p_z^1$
- ↑↓	1	1	1	1

(4) An orbital is designated by three quantum numbers while an electron in an atom is designated by four quantum numbers.

Iron exhibits bcc structure at room temperature. Above 900°C, it transforms to fcc structure. The ratio of density of iron at room temperature to that at 900°C (assuming molar mass and atomic radii of iron remains constant with temperature)

is
$$(1) \quad \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}} \qquad S = \frac{8 \times M}{NA \times 803}$$

(2)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$

- 45. Magnesium reacts with an element (X) to form an ionic compound. If the ground state electronic configuration of (X) is 1s² 2s² 2p³, the simplest formula for this compound is
 - (1) Mg_2X_3

(2) Mg₃X₂

- (3) Mg₂X 4
- (4) MgX₂ >
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M3N2

- 46. Which of the following gastric cells indirectly help in erythropoiesis?
 - (1) Chief cells



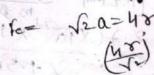
- (2) Parietal cells
- (3) Goblet cells b
 - (4) Mucous cells
- 47. Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the correct option given below:

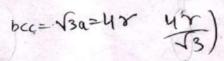
	DCIO			
		$Column\ I$		Column II
	a. 1	Fibrinogen	i.	Osmotic balance
	b.	Globulin	ii.	Blood clotting
	c.	Albumin	iii.	Defence mechanism
4		a b	c	and the second

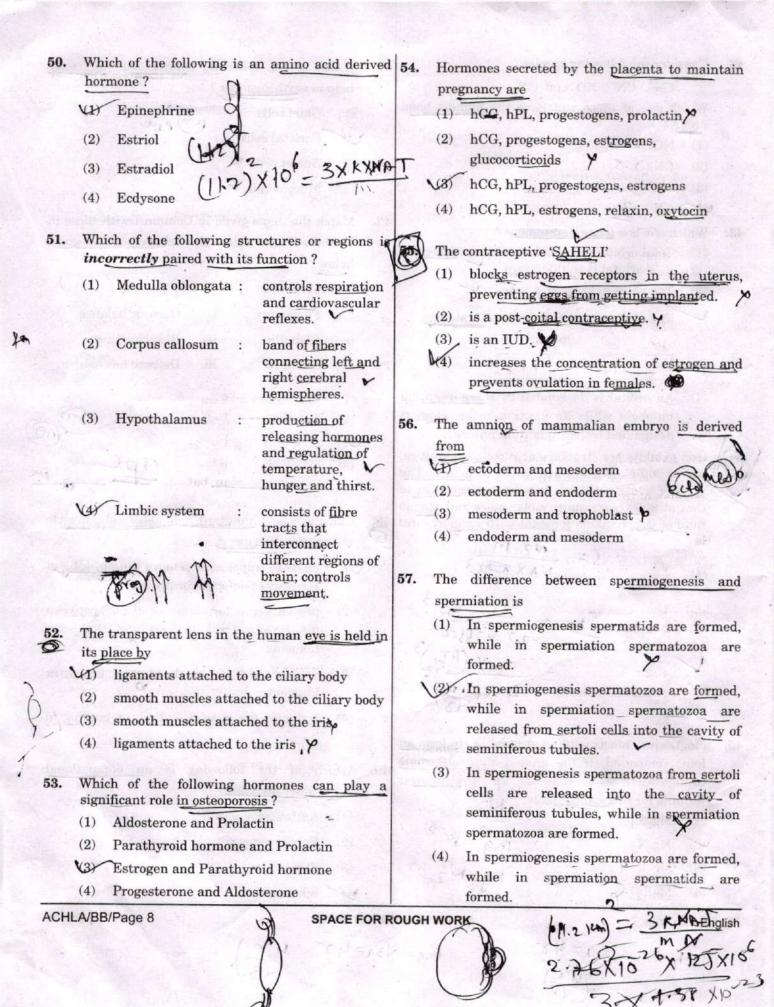
- (3) i iii ii TOC (4) i iii iii
- Calcium is important in skeletal muscle contraction because it.
- binds to troponin to remove the masking of active sites on actin for myosin.
 - (2) prevents the formation of bonds <u>between</u> the myosin cross bridges and the actin filament.
 - (3) detaches the myosin head from the actin filament.
 - (4) activates the myosin ATPase by binding to it.
- 49. Which of the following is an occupational respiratory disorder?
 - (1) Anthracis
 - (2) Emphysema
 - (3) Botulism y
 - Silicosis

ACHLA/BB/Page 7

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK







58.	All of the following are part of an operon except	63.	In which disease does mosquito transmitted
Tol p	(1) an operator Valable Appropriate	bma	pathogen cause chronic inflammation of lymphatic vessels?
	(2) a promoter		VIV Floriania
	(3) an enhancer	Disto	(2) Amoebiasis
	(4) structural genes		(3) Ringworm disease >
59.	A woman has an X-linked condition on one of her		(4) Ascariasis
99.	X chromosomes. This chromosome can be	64.	Conversion of milk to curd improves its
	inherited by	0 2.	nutritional value by increasing the amount of
	(1) Only daughters	P. San	(1) Vitamin D
	Both sons and daughters x Y		(2) Vitamin E
	(3) Only grandchildren	eriovi	Vitamin B ₁₂ A view AC
	(4) Only sons	1	(4) Vitamin A
60.	According to Hugo de Vries, the mechanism	(M)	Which of the following is not an autoimmune
00.	evolution is	3	disease?
	(1) Multiple step mutations	-	(1) Psoriasis
	(2) Minor mutations		(2) Vitiligo
	(3) Phenotypic variations	1	Alzheimer's disease
	Saltation		(4) Rheumatoid arthritis
	AGGUA A MANAGE AND	66.	Among the following sets of examples for
61.	AGGTATCGCAT is a sequence from the coding strand of a gene. What will be the corresponding		divergent evolution, select the incorrect option:
	sequence of the transcribed mRNA?	ma	(1) Forelimbs of man, bat and cheetah V
	AGGUAUCGCAU		(2) Eye of octopus, bat and man
	(2) UCCAUAGCGUA		(3) Brain of bat, man and cheetah
	(3) ACCUAUGCGAU	17	(4) Heart of bat, man and cheetah
	(4) UGGTUTCGCAT	67.	The similarity of bone structure in the forelimbs
		BL H	of many vertebrates is an example of Homology
62.	Match the items given in Column I with those in		(2) Adaptive radiation
	Column II and select the correct option given below:		(3) Convergent evolution
	Column I Column II	1	(4) Analogy so
	Legal ora management eviduality of	68.	Which of the following characteristics represent
	a. Proliferative Phase 1. Breakdown of endometrial	00.	'Inheritance of blood groups' in humans?
	lining	1	a. Dominance V
	b. Secretory Phase ii. Follicular Phase		b. Co-dominance V At
	c. Menstruation · · iii. Luteal Phase	-	c. Multiple allele 🗸 💮 Aş
	and the a fee ball to c version to true doing W	E. S.	d. Incomplete dominance p
	(1) iii ii i	1	e. Polygenic inheritance
	and the second s	1	(1) b, c and e
	(2) iii i ii		(2) a, c and e
	ii iii i		(3) b, d and e
	(4) i iii ii masi v		(4) a, b and c
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69.	Which of the following options correctly represents the lung conditions in asthma and emphysema, respectively?	72. Which one of the following population interactions is widely used in medical science for the production of antibiotics?
	Inflammation of bronchioles; Decreased	
	respiratory surface	(2) Amensalism
	(2) Decreased respiratory surface; Inflammation of bronchioles	(3) Parasitism
	(3) Increased respiratory surface;	(4) Mutualism
	Inflammation of bronchioles (4) Increased number of bronchioles; Increased	73. All of the following are included in Ex-situ conservation' except
	respiratory surface	(1) Wildlife safari parks
70.	Match the items given in Column I with those in	(2) Seed banks €
	Column II and select the correct option given	(3) Botanical gardens E
	below: Column I Column II	Sacred groves T
17. C	a. Tricuspid valve i. Between left atrium and left ventricle	74. Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the <i>correct</i> option given
40	b. Bicuspid valve ii. Between right	below:
-	ventricle and	Column I Column II
	pulmonary artery	a. Eutrophication i. UV-B radiation
	c. Semilunar valve iii. Between right	b. Sanitary landfill ii. Deforestation c. Snow blindness iii. Nutrient
114	atrium and right ventricle	part has a little of account of a state of the collection of the c
	a b c	enrichment
	Var iii van has iid suqata heev.	d. Jhum cultivation iv. Waste disposal
	(2) ii' iii iii a dada	a b c d (1) ii i iii iv
		Control of the Contro
PUH	(4) i iii iii ii iii a iii a ii a ii a ii	(4) i iii iv ii (4)
71.	Match the items given in Column I with those in	
1	Column II and select the <i>correct</i> option given below:	75. In a growing population of a country,
1	Column I Column II	pre-reproductive individuals are more than the reproductive individuals.
	a. Tidal volume i. $2500 - 3000 \text{ mL}$	(2) pre-reproductive individuals are less than
High	b. Inspiratory Reserve ii. 1100 – 1200 mL	the reproductive individuals.
	c. Expiratory Reserve iii. 500 – 550 mL	(3) reproductive and pre-reproductive individuals are equal in number.
	volume	(4) reproductive individuals are less than the
	d. Residual volume iv. 1000 – 1100 mL	post-reproductive individuals.
	of community designation in	76. Which part of poppy plant is used to obtain the
	2000 Find # 2007 9710 - 15 -	drug "Smack" ?
		(1) Flowers
	(2) iv iii i i i	(2) Leaves
	(3) j iv ii iii ii aa a deess	(3) Roots
	W iii i iv ii iii iii iii	Natex
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		(Function)		(Part of Excretory System)	chromosomes (3) Submetacentric – L-shaped chromososmes
		Column I		Column II	(2) Polytene - Oocytes of amphibians
18.		mn II and se		n Column I with those in the correct option given	Select the incorrect match: (1) Lampbrush - Diplotene bivalents chromosomes
	(3)	ti ii ii	iii	iv iv	(3) Pleurodont, Monophyodont, Homodont Thecodont, Diphyodont, Heterodont
	(1)		iv ji	i iii	dentition? (1) Thecodont, Diphyodont, Homodont (2) Pleurodont, Diphyodont, Heterodont
		nephritis a b	c	urine d	(4) Glycolysis occurs in cytosol. 81. Which of the following terms describe human
	c. d.	Renal calculi		Inflammation in glomeruli Presence of glucose in	outer mitochondrial membrane. (3) Glycolysis operates as long as it is supplied with NAD that can pick up hydrogen atoms.
	b.	Gout	ii.	Mass of crystallised salts within the kidney	(1) Enzymes of TCA cycle are present in mitochondrial matrix. (2) Oxidative phosphorylation takes place in
	a.	Glycosuria	i.	Accumulation of uric acid in joints	Which of these statements is <u>incorrect</u> ?
		Column I		Column II	(3) Nucleic acids and SER (4) DNA and RNA
	belov			he correct option given	Free ribosomes and RER

85.	metamorphosis?	
	Let Earthworm No lour va	(1) Fatty acid breakdown (2) Activation of amino acid
	(2) Starfish	(3) Respiration in bacteria 9
	(3) Moth	(4) Formation of secretory vesicles
	(4) Tunicate	92. Stomata in grass leaf are (1) Dumb-bell shaped
86.	Which one of these animals is <u>not</u> a homeotherm?	(2) Barrel shaped (3) Rectangular 🞾
	(1) Macropus ~	(4) Kidney shaped
	The state of the s	93. The stage during which separation of the paired
	(2) Psittacula V	homologous chromosomes begins is
	(3) Camelus	(1) Pachytene
	(4) Chelone	(2) Zygotene
	Chetone	(3) Diakinesis
87.	Which of the following features is used to identify	(4) Diplotene
0	a male cockroach from a female cockroach? .	94. The two functional groups characteristic of
	(1) Presence of a boat shaped sternum on the	sugars are
	9 th abdominal segment	(1) hydroxyl and methyl = 0
V	(2) Presence of anal cerci	(2) carbonyl and hydroxyl
	(3) Forewings with darker tegmina	(3) carbonyl and phosphate y
		(4) carbonyl and methyl
	(4) Presence of caudal styles	95. Which among the following is not a prokaryote?
88.	Identify the vertebrate group of animals	(1) Saccharomyces Yeast
	characterized by crop and gizzard in its digestive	(2) Oscillatoria
	system.	(3) Nostoc
	(1) Amphibia	(4) Mycobacterium
	(2) Osteichthyes	96. Stomatal movement is <i>not</i> affected by
	Aves	(1) Temperature
		(2) CO ₂ concentration
	(4) Reptilia	
89.	Ciliates differ from all other protozoans in	O ₂ concentration
	(1) using flagella for locomotion	(4) Light ✓
		97. Which of the following is true for nucleolus?
		 Larger nucleoli are present in dividing cells.
	(3) using pseudopodia for capturing prey >	42) It is a site for active_ribosomal_RNA
	(4) having a contractile vacuole for removing	synthesis.
	excess water a.m.	(3) It takes part in spindle formation.
90.	Which of the following organisms are known as	(4) It is a membrane-bound structure.
	chief producers in the oceans?	98. Which of the following is not a product of light
	(1) Dinoflagellates	reaction of photosynthesis?
	(2) Euglenoids	(1) ATP -
	(3) Cyanobacteria	(2) Oxygen
	Diatoms	(3) NADPH
1	Diatoms	(4) NADH
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		100.		ct the correct statement:
	maintaining turgor in cells?		(1)	Franklin Stahl coined the term "linkage".
	(1) Magnesium (2) Calcium		(2)	Transduction was discovered by S. Altman.
	an agreement the second of the		(3)	Spliceosomes take part in translation.
	(3) Potassium (4) Sodium		(4)	Punnett square was developed by a <u>Briti</u> sh scientist.
	Which one of the following plants shows a very	107.	Selec	et the correct match :
	close relationship with a species of moth, where none of the two can complete its life cycle without the other?		(1)	Alec Jeffreys – Streptococcus pneumoniae
	(1) Hydrilla		12)	Francois Jacob and - Lac operon Just
	(2) Viola			Jacques Monod
	(3) Banana		(3)	Matthew Meselson - Pisum sativum
	(4) Yucca			and F. Stahl.
01.	Pollen grains can be stored for several years in liquid nitrogen having a temperature of		(4)	Alfred Hershey and - TMV Martha Chase
	(1) -120°C	108.		experimental proof for semiconservative
	(2) -160°C	Polit		ication of DNA was first shown in a
	(3) - 196°C		(1)	Fungus 2 X (Y)
	(4) -80°C		(2)	Plant X 413
	120. Nichele		(4)	Bacterium
	Oxygen is not produced during photosynthesis by	=		
	(1) Green sulphur bacteria.		(1)	Meiotic divisions
	(2) Chara	9	(2)	Parthenogenesis • Parther P
	(3) Cycas		(3)	Parthenocarpy × ×
	(4) Nostoc			Mitotic divisions
03.	Double fertilization is (1) Fusion of two male gametes of a pollen tube	110.		ch of the following pairs is wrongly ched?
	with two different eggs		SU	Starch synthesis in pea : Multiple alleles
	(2) Syngamy and triple fusion (3) Fusion of two male gametes with one egg		(2)	T.H. Morgan : Linkage >
	(3) Fusion of two male gametes with one egg (4) Fusion of one male gamete with two polar nuclei		(3)	XO type sex : Grasshopper determination
20	The second of th		(4)	ABO blood grouping : Co-dominance
	What is the role of NAD in cellular respiration?	111.	Whi	ch of the following has proved helpful in
	(1) It functions as an enzyme.			erving pollen as fossils?
	(2) It is the final electron acceptor for anaerobic		(1)	Pollenkitt
	respiration. (3) It is a nucleotide source for ATP synthesis.		(3)	Sporopollenin Oil content
	It functions as an electron carrier.		(4)	Cellulosic intine
		112.		ch of the following flowers only once in its
120	by plants?		/	time?
a	Ferric	CERT	(2)	Bamboo species
	(2) Both ferric and ferrous	of c	(2)	Papaya Mango
	(3) Free element	(35)	(4)	Jackfruit
	(4) Ferrous	mit.	12)	

113. The correct order of steps in Polymerase Chain	119. Natality refers to
Reaction (PCR) is	(1) Death rate
(1) Extension, Denaturation, Annealing	(2) Number of individuals entering a habitat
(2) Denaturation, Annealing, Extension	(3) Number of individuals leaving the habitat
(3) Denaturation, Extension, Annealing(4) Annealing, Extension, Denaturation	(4) Birth rate
114. In India, the organisation responsible for assessing the safety of introducing genetically modified organisms for public use is	120. World Ozone Day is celebrated on (1) 5 th June (2) 22 nd April
(1) Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR)	
V2) Genetic Engineering Appraisal Committee (GEAC)	(4) 21 st April
(3) Research Committee on Genetic	
Manipulation (RCGM)	121. Which of the following is a secondary pollutant?
(4) Council for Scientific and Industrial	(1) CO
Research (CSIR) 115. Use of bioresources by multinational companies	(2) O ₃
and organisations without authorisation from the	(3) SO ₂
concerned country and its people is called	(4) CO ₂
(1) Bio-infringement	122. Niche is
(2) Bioexploitation P	(1) all the biological factors in the organism's
(3) Biodegradation	environment
(4) Biopiracy	the functional role played by the organism
116. Which of the following is commonly used as a vector for introducing a DNA fragment in human lymphocytes?	
(1) Retrovirus	(4) the physical space where an organism lives
(2) pBR 322	123. What type of ecological pyramid would be obtained with the following data?
(3) λ phage	Secondary consumer: 120 g
(4) Ti plasmid	Primary consumer: 60 g
117. A 'new' variety of rice was patented by a foreign company, though such varieties have been	Primary producer: 10 g
present in India for a long time. This is related to	miverted pyramid of biomass
(1) Co-667	(2) Upright pyramid of biomass
(2) Basmati	(3) Upright pyramid of numbers
(3) Lerma Rojo	(4) Pyramid of energy
(4) Sharbati Sonora	124. In stratosphere, which of the following elements
118. Select the correct match:	acts as a catalyst in degradation of ozone and
Ribozyme - Nucleic acid	release of molecular oxygen ?
(2) G. Mendel - Transformation	(1) Carbon
(3) T.H. Morgan – Transduction	The second of the comment of the second of t
(4) $F_2 \times \text{Recessive parent}$ – Dihybrid cross	(3) Fe (4) Cl
, p	
ACHLA/BB/Page 14 SPACE FOR R Inexe	Sub D
* These	A STATE OF THE STA

		1 MIL	91-			9 (17.5)		P
25. Caspa	arian strips occur in	132. V	Whic	h one	is wro	ngly	matched ?	etsulipi	Ast.
(1)	Epidermis	*	1	Unif	lagellat	e gan	netes -	Polysip	honia
127	Endodermis	. (2)	Unic	ellular	organ	ism –	Chlorel	la
(3)	Cortex	() L' Z'A	3)	Gem	ma cup	s	-	March	antia
(4)	Pericycle	- (4)	Bifla	gellate	zoosp	ores -	Brown	algae
26. Plant	s having little or no secondary growth are				the distribution	100		7.611	
	Grasses Momo	Marie Control		The same of		-		eiosis, s	pores are
and the state of the	Cycads			-	exogen	-	BAQ	i di c)
	Conifers		1) 2)		ospora haromy		cilinin		
	Deciduous angiosperms	14		Agar		rces y			11 B
	A Aver	THE PERSON	4)		naria				
6 /	h of the following statements is correct?			211001	nur vu				
	Ovules are not enclosed by ovary wall in	134. I	Mate	h the	items	given	in Colum	n I with	n those in
	gymnosperms.	(Colu	mn I	I and	select	the corr	ect opt	ion given
	Stems are usually unbranched in both Cycas and Cedrus.	1	oelov	w:		L AND			
	Horsetails are gymnosperms.			Colum	nn I		Column I	II .	
AN U	Selaginella is heterosporous, while Salvinia	1 48	ı.	Herb	arium	i. •	It is a pla	ce havi	nga
	is homosporous.	1			100	1	collection	of pres	erved
1-2					4		plants an	d anim	als.
	t the wrong statement:	1	o.	Key	6	ii.	A list tha	t enum	erates
	Cell wall is present in members of Fungi						methodic	ally all	the
	and Plantae.	DE THE E				one in	species fo	und in	an area
	Mitochondria are the powerhouse of the cell in all kingdoms except Monera	141.5				quirev	with brie	f descri	ption
	Pseudopodia are locomotory and <u>feeding</u>	Visib	(FS				aiding id	entifica	tion.
	structures in Sporozoans.		2.	Muse	eum	iii.	Is a place	where	dried and
	Mushrooms belong to Basidiomycetes.	1					pressed p		
-							mounted	on shee	ets are
	ndary xylem and phloem in dicot stem are need by		E	-3		11	kept.,	er nag	
	Apical meristems	(1.	Cata	logue	iv.			ning a list
	Axillary meristems						of charac		~
(3)	Phellogen >		*	Del at			alternate	-	- 1 - N - N - N - N - N - N - N - N - N
	Vascular cambium	-	4				various.t		fication of
		PER S	100	an an	h.	A SHIPTI	d d	axa.	
	matophores occur in		1)	a		c iii			
	Halophytes	100	(1)		10	- 111	ii		
(2)	Submerged hydrophytes		2)	iii	iv		eras-recol		
	Carnivorous plants >	1177717	3)	-ii	iv .	· in			
(4)	Free-floating hydrophytes	44.00	4)	iii	ii	1	10		
Swee	t potato is a modified	135.	Win	ged po	ollen gr	ains a	re presen	t in	
	Stem 8		(1)	Must			- Producti	ester and	
(2)	Rhizome > 4m B	P 194507.20	2)	Pinu		S III			
(3)	Tap root		(3)	Man					Valle I
647	Adventitious root amb		(4)	Cyca		69			1
ACHLA/BB/	- Landing Control			22.	172		311	- 37	English
tara (NG		1	15		112	CILY	2 3		g.ion
CAL	Rept	Dan	119	para	100	1			(%)

27) 6.28 dec 100 TIXI	R9 100 33.
An inductor 20 mH, a capacitor 100 μ F and a resistor 50 Ω are connected in series across a source of emf, $V = 10 \sin 314 t$. The power loss in the circuit is (2) 1.13 W (3) 2.74 W	particular angle of incidence 'i', it is found that
(4) 0.43 W A metallic rod of mass per unit length 0.5 kg m ⁻¹ is lying horizontally on a smooth inclined plane which makes an angle of 30° with the horizontal. The rod is not allowed to slide down by flowing a current through it when a	 (1) Reflected light is polarised with its electric vector parallel to the plane of incidence (2) i = tan⁻¹(1/μ) (3) i = sin⁻¹(1/μ)
magnetic field of induction 0.25 T is acting on it in the vertical direction. The current flowing in the rod to keep it stationary is (1) 7.14 A (2) 11.32 A (3) 14.76 A (4) 5.98 A	Reflected light is polarised with its electric vector perpendicular to the plane of incidence 141. In Young's double slit experiment the separation d between the slite is 2 mm, the wavelength \ ef
 138. Current sensitivity of a moving coil galvanometer is 5 div/mA and its voltage sensitivity (angular deflection per unit voltage applied) is 20 div/V. The resistance of the galvanometer is (1) 40 Ω (2) 500 Ω (3) 250 Ω (4) 25 Ω (5) Q (6) Q (7) Q (8) Q (9) Q (1) Q (2) D (3) Q (4) Q (5) Q (6) Q (7) Q (8) Q (9) Q (1) Q (2) D (3) Q (4) Q (4) Q (5) Q (6) Q (7) Q (8) Q (9) Q (1) Q (2) D (3) Q (4) Q (4) Q (5) Q (6) Q (7) Q (8) Q (9) Q (1) Q (1) Q (2) Q (3) Q (4) Q (4) Q (5) Q (6) Q (7) Q (8) Q (9) Q (1) Q (1) Q (2) Q (3) Q (4) Q (5) Q (6) Q (7) Q (8) Q (9) Q (1) Q (1) Q (2) Q (3) Q (4) Q (5) Q (6) Q (7) Q (8) Q (9) Q (1) Q (1) Q (2) Q (3) Q (4) Q (5) Q (6) Q (7) Q (8) Q (9) Q (1) Q (1) Q (2) Q (3) Q (4) Q (4) Q (5) Q (6) Q (7) Q (8) Q (9) Q (1) Q (1) Q (2) Q (3) Q (4) Q (5) Q (6) Q (7) Q (8) Q (9) Q (9) Q (1) Q (1) Q (2) Q (3) Q (4) Q (5) Q (6) Q (7) Q (8) Q (9) Q (9) Q (1) Q (1) Q (1) Q (2) Q (3) Q (4) Q (5) Q (6) Q (7) Q (8) Q<	d between the slits is 2 mm, the wavelength λ of the light used is 5896 Å and distance D between the screen and slits is 100 cm. It is found that the angular width of the fringes is 0·20°. To increase the fringe angular width to 0·21° (with same λ and D) the separation between the slits needs to be changed to (1) 1·8 mm (2) 1·7 mm
between the poles of an electromagnet. When the current in the electromagnet is switched on, then the diamagnetic rod is pushed up, out of the horizontal magnetic field. Hence the rod gains gravitational potential energy. The work required to do this comes from (1) the current source (2) the induced electric field due to the	(3) 2·1 mm (4) 1·9 mm An astronomical refracting telescope will have large angular magnification and high angular resolution, when it has an objective lens of (1) small focal length and large diameter
changing magnetic field (3) the lattice structure of the material of the rod the magnetic field ACHLA/BB/Page 16 SPACE FOR F	(2) small focal length and small diameter (3) large focal length and large diameter (4) large focal length and small diameter ROUGH WORK English
20 28 6	7 2 20

7 7 40	1 to = 318x40 24).	15-30	20×18(60)



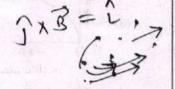
An object is placed at a distance of 40 cm from a concave mirror of focal length 15 cm. If the object is displaced through a distance of 20 cm towards the mirror, the displacement of the image will be

- 30 cm away from the mirror
- (2)36 cm towards the mirror
- (3)30 cm towards the mirro

36 cm away from the mirror

144. An em wave is propagating in a medium with a velocity $\overrightarrow{V} = \overrightarrow{V} i$. The instantaneous oscillating electric field of this em wave is along +y axis. Then the direction of oscillating magnetic field of the em wave will be along

- z direction
- * direction
- v direction (3)
- + z direction



145. The magnetic potential energy stored in a certain inductor is 25 mJ, when the current in the inductor is 60 mA. This inductor is of inductance

- 0.138 H
- 13·89 H

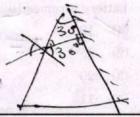
(3) 1.389 H

138-88 H

146. The refractive index of the material of a prism is $\sqrt{2}$ and the angle of the prism is 30°. One of the two refracting surfaces of the prism is made a mirror inwards, by silver coating. A beam of monochromatic light entering the prism from the other face will retrace its path (after reflection from the silvered surface) if its angle of incidence on the prism is

- (1) 60°
- (2)zero
- 30°

45°



147. A moving block having mass m, collides with another stationary block having mass 4m. The lighter block comes to rest after collision. When the initial velocity of the lighter block is v, then the value of coefficient of restitution (e) will be

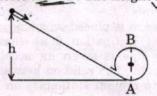
(1)

(2)

(3)

VB 0= m-e4m

148. A body initially at rest and sliding along a frictionless track from a height h (as shown in the figure) just completes a vertical circle of diameter AB = D. The height h is equal to

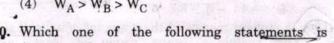


Three objects, A: (a solid sphere), B: (a thin circular disk) and C: (a circular ring), each have 25 x 10 = 1x LX 3600 x 109 the same mass M and radius R. They all spin with the same angular speed ω about their own symmetry axes. The amounts of work (W) required to bring them to rest, would satisfy the relation

WC > WR > WA

- $(2) \quad W_A > W_C > W_B$
- (3) $W_B > W_A > W_C$

 $(4) \quad W_A > W_B > W_C$



incorrect? (1) Rolling friction is smaller than sliding friction.

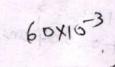
Coefficient of sliding friction dimensions of length.

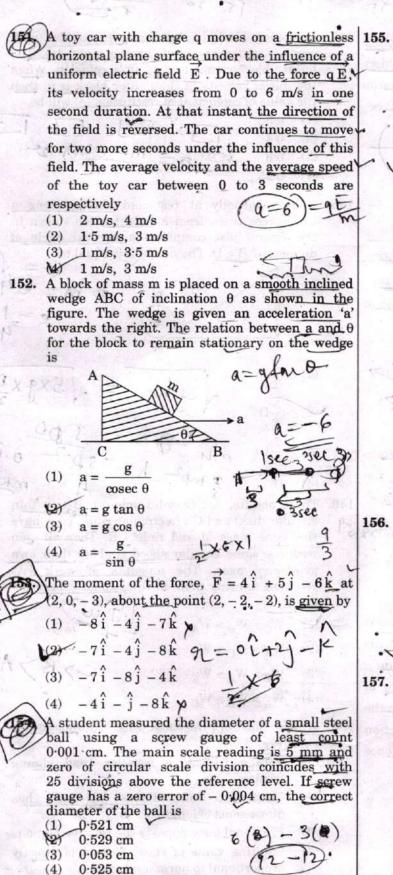
- Frictional force opposes the relative motion.
- Limiting value of static friction is directly proportional to normal reaction.

ACHLA/BB/Page 17

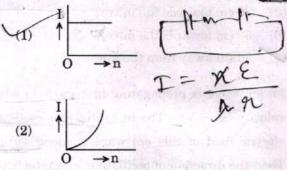
SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK 50 X10 = LX 3.6 X156

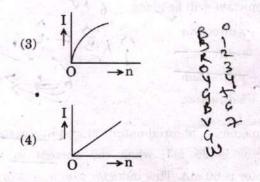






155. A battery consists of a variable number 'n' of identical cells (having internal resistance 'r' each) which are connected in series. The terminals of the battery are short-circuited and the current I is measured. Which of the graphs shows the correct relationship between I and n?





156. A carbon resistor of (47 ± 4.7) k Ω is to be marked with rings of different colours for its identification. The colour code sequence will be

- (1) Violet Yellow Orange Silver
- (2) Green Orange Wolet Gold
- (3) Yellow Green Violet Gold
- Yellow Violet Orange Silver

157. A set of 'n' equal resistors, of value 'R' each, are connected in series to a battery of emf E' and internal resistance 'R'. The current drawn is I. Now, the 'n' resistors are connected in parallel to the same battery. Then the current drawn from battery becomes 10 I. The value of 'n' is

(1) 10 (2) 9
$$T = \frac{E}{(n+1)R}$$
 (3) 20 (4) 11 $R = \frac{E}{R + R}$

English

ACHLA/BB/Page 18

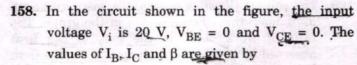
SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

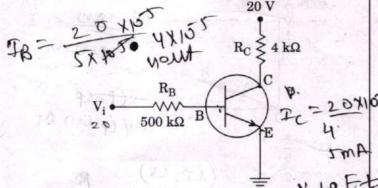
10-3 -10

Division to .025

O.500 to .025

29





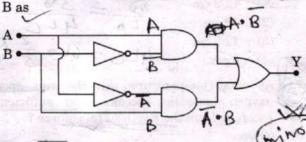
(1) $I_B = 40 \mu A$, $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$, $\beta = 250$

(2) $I_B = 40 \mu A$, $I_C = 5 mA$, $\beta = 125$

(3) $I_B = 20 \,\mu\text{A}, I_C > 3 \,\text{mA}, \beta \ge 250$

(4) $I_B = 25 \,\mu\text{A}, I_C = 5 \,\text{mA}, \approx 200$

159. In the combination of the following gates the output Y can be written in terms of inputs A and



(1) A.B

(2) $\overline{A+B}$

(3) $\overline{A.B} + A.B$

A. B + A. B

In a p-n junction diode, change in temperature due to heating

(1) affects only reverse resistance

(2) affects the overall V - I characteristics of p-n junction

(3) does not affect resistance of p-n junction

affects only forward resistance,

161. An electron of mass m with an initial velocity $\overrightarrow{V} = V_0 \hat{i}$ ($V_0 > 0$) enters an electric field $\overrightarrow{E} = -E_0 \hat{i}$ ($E_0 = \text{constant} > 0$) at t = 0. If λ_0 is its de-Broglie wavelength initially, then its de-Broglie wavelength at time t is

$$(1 + \frac{eE_0}{mV_0}t)$$

(2) λ_0

(3) $\lambda_0 t$

 $(4) \quad \lambda_0 \left(1 + \frac{eE_0}{mV_0} t \right)$

162. The ratio of kinetic energy to the total energy of an electron in a Bohr orbit of the hydrogen atom,

(1) 1:1

(2) 1:-24

(3) 2:-14

V47 1:-1

00 00 mys 1+ 9545

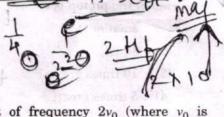
163. For a radioactive material, half-life is 10 minutes. If initially there are 600 number of nuclei, the time taken (in minutes) for the disintegration of 450 nuclei is

(1) 20

(2) 15

(3) 30

(4) 10



164. When the light of frequency $2v_0$ (where v_0 is threshold frequency), is incident on a metal plate, the maximum velocity of electrons emitted is v_1 . When the frequency of the incident radiation is increased to $5v_0$, the maximum velocity of electrons emitted from the same plate is v_2 . The ratio of v_1 to v_2 is

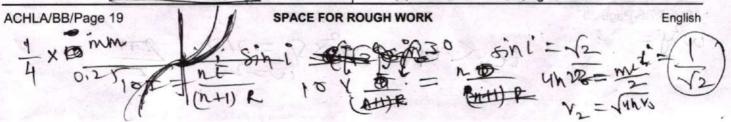
1:2

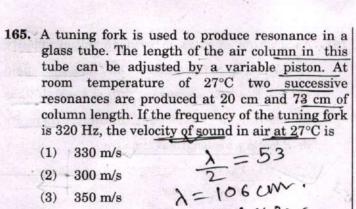
(2) 2:1

2hVotVo= mhv2

4:1

(4) 1:4 Shv6-hy6= mw





(2)
$$300 \text{ m/s}$$
 $\frac{2}{106 \text{ cm}}$.
(3) 350 m/s $\lambda = 106 \text{ cm}$.
(4) 339 m/s $\nu = 1.06 \times 320$

166. The electrostatic force between the metal plates of an isolated parallel plate capacitor C having a charge Q and area A, is

independent of the distance between the

- inversely proportional to the distance between the plates.
- proportional to the square root of the distance between the plates.
- linearly proportional to the distance between the plates.
- 167. An electron falls from rest through a vertical distance h in a uniform and vertically upward directed electric field E. The direction of electric field is now reversed, keeping its magnitude the same. A proton is allowed to fall from rest in it through the same vertical distance h. The time of fall of the electron, in comparison to the time of fall of the proton is

(1) smaller

(2) equal

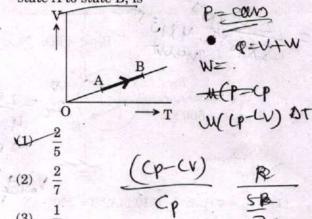
(3) 10 times greater

5 times greater

168. A pendulum is hung from the roof of a sufficiently high building and is moving freely to and fro like a simple harmonic oscillator. The acceleration of the bob of the pendulum is 20 m/s² at a distance of 5 m from the mean 172. position. The time period of oscillation is

- (1) $2\pi s$
- 1 s

The volume (V) of a monatomic gas varies with its temperature (T), as shown in the graph. The ratio of work done by the gas, to the heat absorbed by it, when it undergoes a change from state A to state B, is



170. The fundamental frequency in an open organ pipe is equal to the third harmonic of a closed organ pipe. If the length of the closed organ pipe is 20 cm, the length of the open organ pipe is

> (1) 13·2 cm (2) 16 cm

12.5 cm (4) 8 cm

At what temperature will the rms speed of oxygen molecules become just sufficient for escaping from the Earth's atmosphere?

(Given: Mass of oxygen molecule (m) = 2.76×10^{-26} kg Boltzmann's constant $k_B = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J K}^{-1}$

(1) $2.508 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$

1.254 × 104 K

 $5.016 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$

$$8.360 \times 10^4 \, \text{K}$$

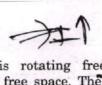
The efficiency of an ideal heat engine working between the freezing point and boiling point of water, is

M 26-8% 12.5%

- (3)6.25%
- 20%

ACHLA/BB/Page 20

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



173. The power radiated by a black body is P and it radiates maximum energy at wavelength, λ_0 . If the temperature of the black body is now changed so that it radiates maximum energy at wavelength $\frac{3}{4}\lambda_0$, the power radiated by it becomes nP. The value of n is

(1) $\frac{3}{4}$ (2) $\frac{81}{256}$ (3) $\frac{256}{81}$ (4) $\frac{4}{3}$ (5) $\frac{256}{100}$ (7) $\frac{256}{31}$ (6) $\frac{4}{3}$ (7) $\frac{4}{3}$ (7) $\frac{4}{3}$ (8) $\frac{4}{3}$

174. Two wires are made of the same material and have the same volume. The first wire has cross-sectional area A and the second wire has cross-sectional area 3A. If the length of the first wire is increased by Δl on applying a force F, how much force is needed to stretch the second wire by the same amount?

(1) 9F (2) F (3) 4F (4) 6F $\frac{f_1}{k_1} = \frac{f_2}{k_2}$ $\frac{f_2}{A_1^2} = \frac{f_2}{A_2^2}$

175. A small sphere of radius 'r' falls from rest in a viscous liquid. As a result, heat is produced due to viscous force. The rate of production of heat when the sphere attains its terminal velocity, is proportional to

(1) r^3 $f = \frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$

pressure (1.013 × 10⁵ Nm⁻²) requires 54 cal of heat energy to convert to steam at 100°C. If the volume of the steam produced is 167·1 cc, the change in internal energy of the sample, is

change in internal energy of the sample, is

(1) 104·3 J

(2) 84·5 J

(3) 42·2 J

(4) 208·7 J

177. A solid sphere is rotating freely about its symmetry axis in free space. The radius of the sphere is increased keeping its mass same. Which of the following physical quantities would remain constant for the sphere?

(1) Angular velocity Angular momentum

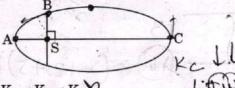
(3) Rotational kinetic energy >

(4) Moment of inertia

178. A solid sphere is in rolling motion. In rolling motion a body possesses translational kinetic energy (K_t) as well as rotational kinetic energy (K_r) simultaneously. The ratio $K_t : (K_t + K_r)$ for the sphere is

the sphere is
(1) 7:10(2) 2:5(3) 10:7(4) 5:7 $11k^2$ $12k^2$ 1+2

orbit about the Sun, at positions A, B and C are K_A, K_B and K_C, respectively. AC is the major axis and SB is perpendicular to AC at the position of the Sun S as shown in the figure. Then



 $(1) \quad K_{A} < K_{B} < K_{C}$

(2) $K_B > K_A > K_C$

 $(3) \quad K_{\rm B} < K_{\rm A} < K_{\rm C}$

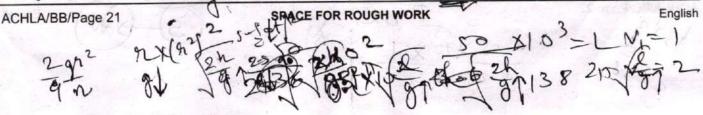
KA > KB > KC

If the mass of the Sun were ten times smaller and the universal gravitational constant were ten times larger in magnitude, which of the following is not correct?

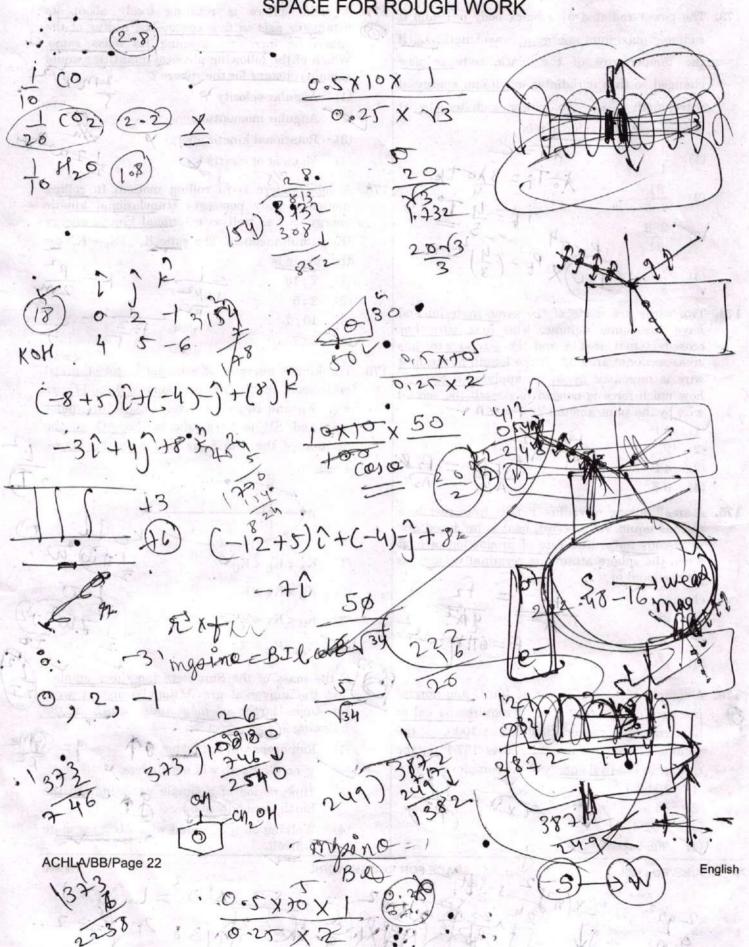
(1) Raindrops will fall faster. 9 9 - 6
(2) 'g' on the Earth will not change.

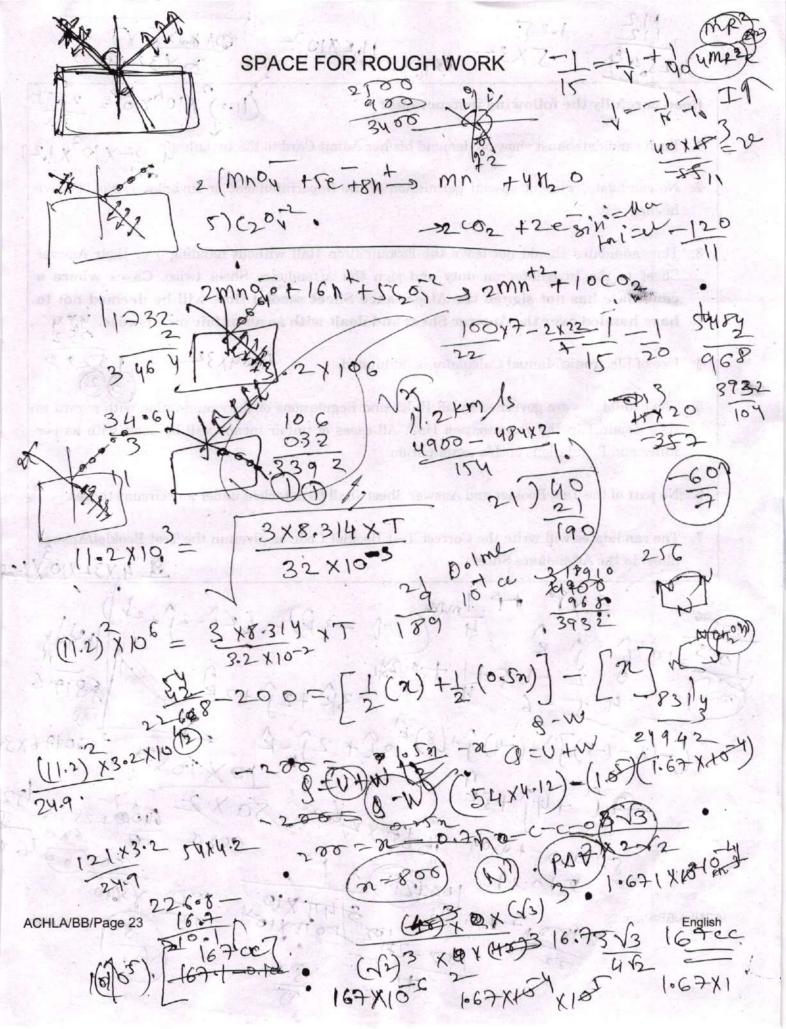
(3) Time period of a simple pendulum on the Earth would decrease.

(4) Walking on the ground would become more difficult.



SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK





12544 5X32 1666 11.2×103	= 30 43 2 X16-3
Read carefully the following instructions:	(11.2) × 106 × 10 = 25
1 1 1 20 NB	1 3
1. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Ca	rd to the Invigilator. 32 X 103 X
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No candidate, without special permission of the Super his/her seat.	intendent or invigilator, would lea
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3. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hal	l without handing over their Ansv
Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Atten	dance Sheet twice. Cases where
candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet s	econd time will be deemed not
have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with	h as an unfair means case. 43
4. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.	4×84×32 1528
2. Ose of Electronic Manual Calculator is promoted.	30
5. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulation	ons of the examination with regard
their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of un	The state of the s
Rules and Regulations of this examination.	600
of the state of th	71 1 10
6. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be d	etached under any circumstances.
7. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code	o as given in the Test Beeklet/Angu
Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.	e as given in the rest booklevansv
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-12-(-) JUHL 1) JUDITY 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	COSO 1000 + 25 0 COSO 1000 + 25 0 503(19)
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