

Practice, Learn and Achieve Your Goal with Prepp

IBPS CLERK Exam

Mains (English) Previous Paper

Simplifying **Government Exams**



Direction (1 - 5): In the following question, a sentence with four words printed in bold is given. These words are numbered as (1), (2), (3) and (4). One of these four words may either be misspelt or inappropriate in the context of the sentence. Find out the word(s) that is wrongly spelt or inappropriate and mark the relevant option as your answer. If all the words printed in bold are correct, mark option (E), i.e. 'All are correct', as the answer. 1.

When reach home we after travelling (1) for weaks, (2) the home is the same but **something** (3) in our mind has changed and that changes **everything**.(4)

- A. 4
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3
- E. All are correct
- 2.Many people **believe** (1) that it is life better to lead а slow with **limited** (2) **pleasures** (3) than the **mindless** (4) rat race of the city.
- A. 4
- B. 3
- C. 2 D. 1
- E. All are correct
- 3. With **rice** (A) in online consumer base, many online **retailers** (B) are finding it difficult to fulfil (C) all the consumer demands in a short (D) time.
- A. C
- B. D
- C. A
- D.B
- E. All are correct
- 4.Given the **pace** (A) at technology is developing (B) today, it is **clever** (C) that our **world** (D) will work completely different in just a few days.
- A. D
- B. C
- C. A
- D.B

- E. All are correct
- 5. Participating (A) in various **competitions** (B) since childhood, helps students **develop** (C) a **spirrit** (D) of sportsmanship.
- A. B
- B. A
- C. D
- D. C
- E. All are correct

Direction (6 - 8): A sentence with one blank is given, indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the word that best fits in the blank making the sentence grammatically correct and meaningful.

The infrastructure projects of the city are falling behind schedule thus increasing the _____ of the residents.

- A. Inconvenience
- B. Safety
- C. Working
- D. Stressful
- E. Health
- 7. There has been a significant rise in the price of certain goods and commodities recently, making them _____for the common man.
- A. Price
- B. Progressing
- C. Increasing
- D. Supporting
- E. Unaffordable
- 8.It is vital that children, young people and all of us have access to stories which give us the knowledge, empathy and understanding we need to _ life.
- A. Engage
- B. Negotiate
- C. Overlook
- D. Developing
- E. Organised

Direction: A sentence with one blank is given, indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the word that best fits in the blank making the sentence grammatically correct and meaningful.

- 9. Tigers are large, solitary predators who owe their entire existence to being able to ______ detection by prey and sneak close before attacking.
- A. Practice
- B. Indulge
- C. Avoid
- D. Advance
- E. Demand

Direction (10 – 11): Read the sentence to find out whether there is an error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. The number corresponding to that part will be your answer. If the given sentence is correct as it is, mark the answer as 'No error'. Ignore the errors of punctuation, if any.

10.

Having supportive parents (1)/ help massive in (2)/ the positive development and (3)/growth of a child. (4)

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4
- E. No Error
- 11. The reports suggested that (1)/ some animals is (2)/ likely to be extinct (3)/ in the near future. (4)
- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4
- E. No Error

Direction: Read the sentence to find out whether there is an error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. The number corresponding to that part will be your answer. If the given sentence is correct as it is, mark the answer as 'No error'. Ignore the errors of punctuation, if any.

- 12. As per the new design (1)/ all appliances inside (2)/ the building will (3)/ be power by solar energy. (4)
- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4
- E. No Error

Direction: Read the sentence to find out whether there is an error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. The number corresponding to that part will be your answer. If the given sentence is correct as it is, mark the answer as 'No error'. Ignore the errors of punctuation, if any.

13.

A person driven by (1)/ greed and envious, loses (2)/ the ability to see (3)/ things as they are. (4)

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4
- E. No error

Direction (14 – 20): Read the given passage carefully and answer the questions that follow. Certain words are printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of these.

Why do we travel? It's not the flying I mind - I will always be awed by the physics that gets a fat metal bird into the upper troposphere. The rest of the journey, however, can feel like a tedious lesson in the ills of modernity, from the pre-dawn X-ray screening to the sad airport malls peddling crappy souvenirs. It's globalisation in a nutshell, and it sucks. And yet here we are, herded in ever greater numbers on to planes that stay the same size. Sometimes we travel because we have to. Sometimes we travel because we want to, because the annoyances of the airport are outweighed by the visceral thrill of being someplace new. Because work is stressful and our blood pressure is too high and we need a vacation. Because home is boring. Because the flights were on sale.

Travel, in other words, is a basic human desire. We're a migratory species, even if our migrations are powered by jet fuel and Chicken McNuggets. But here's my question: is this collective urge to travel – to put some distance between ourselves and everything we know – still a worthwhile compulsion? Or is it like the

taste for saturated fat: one of those instincts we should have left behind in the Pleistocene epoch? Because if travel is just about fun, then I think the new security measures at airports have killed it. The good news, at least for those of you reading this while stuck on a tarmac, is that pleasure is not the only consolation of travel. In fact, several new science papers suggest that getting away - and it doesn't even matter where you're going is an essential habit of effective thinking. It's not about a holiday, or relaxation: it's about the taxing act itself, putting some miles between home and wherever you happen to spend the night.

The reason such travels are mentally useful involves a quirk of cognition, in which problems that feel "close" - and the closeness can be physical, temporal or even emotional - get contemplated in a more concrete manner. As a result, when we think about things that are nearby, our thoughts are _ (A)_ bound by a more limited set of associations. While this habit can be helpful – it allows us to focus on the facts at hand - it also inhibits our imagination. When we escape from the place we spend most of our time, the mind is suddenly made aware of all those errant ideas we'd suppressed. We start thinking about **obscure** possibilities that never would have occurred to us if we'd stayed back on the farm. Furthermore, this more relaxed sort of cognition comes with practical advantages, especially when we're trying to solve difficult problems. Source: https://www.theguardian.com/t ravel/2010/mar/14/why-travel-makesyou-smarter

14

Which of the following is true about travelling?

- A. We travel because we need a break from stressful work.
- B. The idea of travelling is enhanced by the security arrangements at the airport. C. It is on rare occasions that we derive pleasure through travelling.
- D. All of these

E. Travelling enables a person to make concrete decisions.

15.

Which of the following is true with respect to the passage?

- A. An escape from a regular environment allows us to think about possibilities, which we would otherwise never explore. B. Apart from deriving pleasure, we can
- also develop a habit of effective thinking through travelling.
- C. The author finds the idea of an aeroplane flying in the troposphere absurd.
- A. Only A
- B. Both A & B
- C. Only C
- D. Both A & C
- E. Both B & C
- 16. With which of the following is the author most likely to agree?
- A. Travelling allows us to be aware of the ideas suppressed within us.
- B. Globalisation has benefitted us in many ways.
- C. Travelling bridges the distance between ourselves and everything we know.
- A. Only B
- B. Only A
- C. Only C
- D. Both A & B
- E. Both B & C

17. Which of the following is the MOST SIMILAR in meaning to the given word as used in the passage?

Taxing

- A. Strenuous
- B. Burdensome
- C. All of these
- D. Stressful
- E. Demanding

18. Which of the following is the MOST SIMILAR in meaning to the given word as used in the passage?

Obscure

- A. Uncertain
- B. Likely
- C. Clear

- D. Difficult
- E. Subversive
- 19. Which of the given statements can be concluded from the following statement given in the passage?
- "It's not about a holiday, or relaxation: it's about the taxing act itself, putting some miles between home and wherever you happen to spend the night"
- A. A stressful work forces one to travel away for some time.
- B. A change from the existing surroundings is a habit ingrained in very nature of human species.
- C. Human derives pleasure from continuous travelling.
- D. Humans like flying over the skies in confined spaces.
- E. None of the above
- 20. Which of the following words can be used to fill the blank labelled (A) in the passage?
- A. Liberated
- B. Accessible
- C. Constricted
- D. Reluctant
- E. Conditional
- **Direction (21 25) :** Rearrange the following six sentences (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) in a proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph, then answer the questions that follow.
- (A) These two conclusions by the trust are based on empirical data gathered from surveys carried out in many parts of the country.
- (B) The National Literacy Trust has noted that becoming a lifetime reader is based on developing a deep love of reading.
- (C) So, the big challenge for teachers is not simply getting students to read it's getting them to enjoy it too.
- (D) In other words, teachers do not need to motivate students to read too much but encourage reading for pleasure.
- (E) It further notes that this is especially true for young readers as motivation to read decreases with age and if children do not enjoy reading when they are young,

then they are unlikely to do so when they get older.

21.

Which of the following will be the fourth statement after rearrangement?

- A. B
- B. E
- C. D
- D. A
- E. C
- 22. Which of the following will be the fifth statement after rearrangement?
- A. D
- B. C
- C. A
- D. E
- E. B
- 23. Which of the following will be the first statement after rearrangement?
- A. C
- B. E
- C. D
- D. B
- E. A
- 24. Which of the following will be the second statement after rearrangement?
- A. A
- B. B
- C. C
- D. D
- E. E
- 25. Which of the following will be the third statement after rearrangement?
- A. A
- B. B
- C. D
- D. E E. C
- **Direction (26 30) :** In the following passage, there are blanks each of which has been numbered. These numbers correspond to the question numbers. Against each question, five words have been suggested, one of which would fill the blank appropriately. Mark the suitable

word as the answer.

Amy's school needed to have a fundraiser so they could (###Q1###) money to buy more computers. Amy knew that many of her classmates' families were from (###Q2###) countries the world. They had many special traditions, spoke different many languages and ate many different types of foods. Amy had a (###Q3###) idea for a fundraiser! She suggested that every student could bring in their favourite dish and hold an ethnic dinner night. She knew parents and members of community be (###Q4###) to pay money in order to try foods from all over the world! Amy with the help of her friends organised the The fundraiser great (###Q5###). Everyone enjoyed seeing, smelling and tasting foods from so many different cultures.

26.

Find the appropriate word in each case.

- A. Waste
- B. Income
- C. Earn
- D. Occupy
- E. Hand
- 27.Find the appropriate word in each case.
- A. Alike
- B. Variety
- C. Moderate
- D. Polite
- E. Different
- 28.Find the appropriate word in each case.
- A. Vaque
- B. Brilliant
- C. Elaborate
- D. Dumb
- E. Exciting
- 29. Find the appropriate word in each case.
- A. Agree
- B. Outwit
- C. Concern
- D. Glad
- E. Promise

- 30.Find the appropriate word in each case.
- A. Success
- B. Celebrity
- C. Disaster
- D. Variation
- E. Scenery

Direction (31 – 40) : What value will come in place of the question mark (?) in the following question?

31.

$$\frac{?}{2} + 1\frac{1}{2} \times 5 = 11$$

- A. 5
- B. 7
- C. 6
- D. 10
- E. 9

$$32.63 \times 3 \div 7 \div 3 = ?$$

- A. 7
- B. 5
- C. 3 D. 9
- E. 6

$$\frac{11}{13} \times 9 \frac{1}{10} + \frac{3}{10} = ?$$

- A. 3
- B. 5
- C. 8
- D. 10
- E. 22

$$34.5 \times ?\% \text{ of } 300 + 275 = 425$$

- A. 20
- B. 25
- C. 8
- D. 30 E. 10

$$\frac{2}{9} \times \frac{2}{15} + \frac{2}{45} = 3$$

- 4. 1 4. 27
- 1
- в. ⁹
- 8

$$\frac{17 + \sqrt{2601}}{36. \quad ? + 2} = 17$$

A. 1

B. 2

C. 4

D. 0.5

E. 0

$$37.18^2 + 10 \times 7 - ? = 249$$

A. 135

B. 184

C. 142

D. 145

E. 137

$$38.7 \times 3^{?} \div 9 = 63$$

A. 1

B. 2

C. 3

D. 4

E. 7

A. 25

B. 30

C. 40

D. 50

E. 60

$$40.(3 \times 7 + 1 \div 5) \times 5 = ?$$

A. 106

B. 84

C. 74

D. 64

E. 66

41.8 years hence the sum of A's and B's age will be 70 years. 4 years ago, the ratio between sum of ages of A and B together and C's age was 2 : 1. What is the present age of C?

A. 23 years

B. 27 years

C. 32 years

D. 37 years

E. 24 years

42.A and B invested Rs. 4800 and Rs. 7200 respectively. B invested for two more months than A. If the total annual profit is Rs. 5750 and the share of A in profit is Rs. 2000, then for how many months did B invest?

A. 8 months

B. 9 months

C. 6 months

D. 10 months

E. 5 months

43.A boat travels 28.8 km in upstream direction in 2 hours 24 minutes. If the ratio of upstream speed to downstream speed is 2 : 3. Find the speed of boat in still water.

A. 12 km/hr

B. 15 km/hr

C. 16 km/hr

D. 10 km/hr

E. 6 km/hr

44.'X + 10' is 20% more than 'Y - 8'. If X is 22 more than Y, then find the value of Y.

A. 208

B. 188

C. 202

D. 148 E. 230

45.From a jar containing milk and water solution, 20% of the mixture is taken out and same quantity of water was added to the mixture. If the respective ratio between resultant quantity of milk and water is 32: 15, find the ratio of the initial

amount of milk and water.

A. 20:7

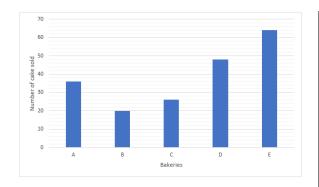
B. 40:7

C. 10:7

D. 5:14

E. 7: 10

Direction (46 – 50): In the bar graph, number of cakes sold by 5 bakeries – A, B, C, D and E in the week I is given.



46. Number of cakes sold by bakery C is approximately what percent of the number of cakes sold by bakery E?

A. 40%

B. 35%

C. 45%

D. 55%

E. 30%

47. Find the ratio between number of cakes sold by bakery B to number of cake sold by bakery E.

A. 5 : 8

B. 5:4

C. 3:8

D. 5:16

E. 3:16

48.Out of the total number of cakes sold by bakery A, 1/6th were designer cake, then what is the number of non-designer cakes sold by bakery A?

A. 32

B. 16

C. 30

D. 15

E. 25

49. What is average number of cakes sold by bakeries A and D?

A. 44

B. 48

C. 36

D. 40

E. 42

50. Total number of cakes sold by bakeries C and E together increases by 20% in week II compared to week I, then

what was the total number of cakes sold by bakeries C and E in week II?

A. 96

B. 108

C. 112

D. 99

E. 90

Direction (51 – 55): In the following question two equations are given in variables X and Y. You have to solve these equations and determine the relation between X and Y.

51.

$$x^2 - 7x + 12 = 0$$

$$2y^2 - 3y + 1 = 0$$

A. X > Y

B. X < Y

C. $X \ge Y$

D. $X \leq Y$

E. X=Y or No relation can be established

$$52.x^2 = 4^2$$

$$y^2 - 4y + 4 = 0$$

A. X = Y or No relation can be established

B. X < Y

C. $X \ge Y$

D. $X \leq Y$

E. X > Y

53.

$$x^2 - x - 42 = 0$$

$$y^2 + y - 30 = 0$$

A. X > Y

B. X < Y

C. $X \ge Y$

D. X ≤ Y

E. X=Y or No relation can be established

$$54.2x^2 - 5x + 3 = 0$$

$$y^2 - 1 = 0$$

A. X > Y

B. X < Y

C. $X \ge Y$

D. $X \leq Y$

E. X=Y or No relation can be established

$$55.x^2 + 13x + 40 = 0$$

$$y^2 + 17y + 72 = 0$$

A. X > Y

B. X < Y

C. $X \ge Y$

D. $X \leq Y$

E. X=Y or No relation can be established **Direction (56 – 65)**: Find the wrong term in the given series:

56.

1, 3, 6, 24, 120, 720, 5040

A. 1

B. 3

C. 6

D. 120

E. 720

57.5, 6, 13, 40, 161, 803, 4837

A. 161

B. 4837

C. 13

D. 5

E. 803

58.420, 429, 426, 437, 432, 443, 438

A. 438

B. 443

C. 420

D. 429

E. 426

59.50, 46, 55, 39, 63, 28, 77

A. 50

B. 46

C. 39

D. 63

E. 28

60.10, 12, 9, 14, 6, 16, 1

A. 10

B. 9

C. 1

D. 6

E. 16

61.If a boat travels 29 km in upstream direction in 5 hours and the speed of the stream is 2.2 km/hr, then the time taken by boat to travel a distance 81.6 km in downstream direction is

A. 8 hours

B. 9 hours

C. 6 hours

D. 5 hours

E. 7 hours

62.Area of a square is 784 sq. metre. If the diameter of a circle is equal to the

side of the square, then what is the circumference of the circle?

A. 110 metre

B. 130 metre

C. 105 metre

D. 88 metre

E. 120 metre

63.A shopkeeper bought X kg of a tea at the rate of Rs. 56/kg and 32 kg of a tea at the rate of Rs. 91/kg. If he made a profit of 25% by selling the mixture at the rate of Rs. 105/kg, then find the value of X.

A. 6

B. 10

C. 12

D. 8

E. 4

Direction (64 – 65): Read the information carefully and answer the following questions on the basis of the information given below.

2

A and B can complete a work in 183 days whereas B and C can complete the same

work in 1412 days. If the efficiency of C is 40% more than that of B.

64.

In how many days A alone can complete the work?

A. 40 days

B. 30 days

C. 48 days

D. 36 days

E. 50 days

65.In how many days A and C can complete the work together?

3 A. 1213 days

B. 16¹³ days

C. 14¹³ days

7

D. 1813 days

5

E. 1513 days

Direction (66 – 70): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below.

Twelve people are sitting in two parallel rows containing six people in each row. In row 1 - B, C, D, E, F and G are sitting and all of them are facing north and in row 2 - Q, R, S, T, U and V are sitting and all of them are facing south but not necessarily in the same order. In the given arrangement, each member seated in the row faces another member of the other row.

D sits at one of the extreme ends of the row. Two people sit between B and D. The one who faces B sits second to the left of Q. Three people sit between Q and S. The one who faces S sits to the immediate right of G. As many people sit to the left of G as to the left of V. Two people sit between T and V. R sits at one of the positions to the right of U. The one who faces U sits third to the right of E. F sits at one of the positions to the right of C.

Who sits fourth to the left of F?

- A. G
- B. C
- C. B
- D. E E. D
- 67. How many people sit between S and R?
- A. One
- B. Two
- C. Three
- D. Four
- E. None
- 68. Who faces C?
- A. R
- B. Q
- C. V
- D. U
- E. S
- 69. Which of the following statements is true?

- A. Three people sit between B and D
- B. V sits opposite to G
- C. T and E sit at the extreme ends of the row
- D. R and U are immediate neighbours
- E. None of the above
- 70. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way, find the odd one out.
- A. Q
- B. T
- C. D
- D. E
- E. R
- 71. How many such pairs of letters are there in the word '**DECLARING**' each of which has as many letters between them in the word as in the English alphabet (both forward and backward)?
- A. One
- B. Two
- C. Three
- D. None
- E. More than three

Direction (72 – 74) : In each of the questions below are given two/three statements followed by two conclusions. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follow from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.

Statements:

All ladders are stairs.

Only a few stairs are ways.

All ways are elevators.

Conclusions:

- I. No elevators are ladders.
- II. Some ladders are elevators.
- A. If only conclusion I follows
- B. If only conclusion II follows
- C. If either conclusion I or II follows
- D. If neither conclusion I nor II follows
- E. If both conclusions I and II follow

73. Statements:

A few computers are type-writers. Only a few type-writers are laptops.

Conclusions:

- I. All laptops being type-writers is a possibility.
- II. All computers being laptop is a possibility.
- A. If only conclusion I follows
- B. If only conclusion II follows
- C. If either conclusion I or II follows
- D. If neither conclusion I nor II follows
- E. If both conclusions I and II follow

74. Statements:

Few trucks are papers.

All papers are magazines.

Conclusions:

- I. Some trucks are definitely not magazines.
- II. Some magazines are trucks.
- A. If only conclusion I follows
- B. If only conclusion II follows
- C. If either conclusion I or II follows
- D. If neither conclusion I nor II follows
- E. If both conclusions I and II follow

Direction (75 – 79): Study the following information and answer the given questions carefully.

Point B is 10m to the West of point A. Point C is 15m to the South of point B. Point D is 15m to the North of point A. Point E is 15m to the East of point D. Point C is 15m to the West of point F. Point G is 10m to the East of point C. Point H is 15m to the North of point F. Point R is 3m to the East of point E.

75.

What is the distance and direction of point H with respect to F?

- A. 15 m to the South
- B. 10 m to the North
- C. 15 m to the North
- D. 10 m to the South
- E. None of These

76. What is the direction of G with respect to R?

- A. North East
- B. North
- C. South
- D. South East
- E. South West

77. Which of the following do not represent straight line?

- A. CGF
- B. GAD
- C. BAH
- D. FHE
- E. DER

78. Find the odd one out.

- A. RF
- B. DC
- C. DR
- D. RB
- E. EA

79. Which of the following statements is true?

- A. Point D is to the South of point A
- B. Point H is to the East of point B
- C. Point H and G lie on the same line
- D. Point F is to the West of point G
- E. None of these

80. Four of the following five are alike in some way, find the odd one out.

- A. SNM
- B. HCB
- C. RML
- D. WTS E. PKJ

Direction (81 – 82) : In each of the questions, relationships between some elements are shown in the statements. These statements are followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. Read the statements and give the answer.

Statements:

 $S \ge T = A \le N < D$

Conclusions:

- I. D > T
- II. S < N
- A. Only conclusion I is true
- B. Only conclusion II is true
- C. Either conclusion I or conclusion II is true
- D. Neither conclusion I nor conclusion II is true
- E. Both conclusion I and II are true

82. Statements:

 $B \le R < K = A; T < R$

Conclusions:

I. T < K

- II. A > B
- A. Only conclusion I is true
- B. Only conclusion II is true
- C. Either conclusion I or conclusion II is true
- D. Neither conclusion I nor conclusion II is true
- E. Both conclusion I and II are true

Direction (83 – 87) : Study the information given below and answer the questions based on it.

Eight People A, B, C, D, P, Q, R and S born in eight different months namely, January, March, April, May, June, August, October and December but necessarily in the same order. A was born in a month after August. Only four people born between A and B. Only two people born between B and C. The number of people born between A and C is the same as the number of people born between C and D. P was born in one of the months before D. Only two people born between P and Q. R was born before S but after Q.

83.

C was born in which of the following months?

- A. June
- B. April
- C. December
- D. March
- E. August

84. Who was born in the month of May?

- A. S
- B. D
- C. Q
- D. B
- E. R

85.The number of people born before R as after __.

- A. C
- B. D
- C. B
- D. Q
- E. S

86. Which of the following statements is true?

- A. B was born in the month of April
- B. Only three people born between S and Ω
- C. B was born in the month of January
- D. R was born immediately before D
- E. None of the above

87.If P is related to D, B is related to Q, in the same way C is related to which of the following?

- A. A
- B. R
- C. B
- D. S E. P

Direction (88 – 90) : Study the information given below and answer the questions based on it.

Five boxes A, B, C, D and E of different weights are arranged in a row from top to bottom. The weight of Box A is more than the weight of Box B but Box A is lighter than Box C. Box D is lighter than Box C but not the lightest. Box C is not the heaviest among them. As many boxes are heavier than Box A as the number of boxes lighter than Box C. The weight of the second lightest box is 15 kg.

Who among the following is the third lightest?

- A. E
- B. C
- C. B
- D. A
- E. D

89.If the weight of the Box C is 18kg, then what can be the weight of Box D?

- A. 16kg
- B. 10kg
- C. 20kg
- D. 12kg
- E. 22kg

90. How many boxes are lighter than Box E?

- A. 4
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. None
- E. 1

Direction (91 – 95) : Study the following data carefully and answer the questions accordingly.

Six people A, B, C, D, E, and F are sitting around a circular table facing outside. C is not sitting second to the left of F. E sits third to the right of A. B sits third to the right of F. C and A are not neighbors. B and A are neighbors.

91.

Who is sitting third to the right of C?

A. A

B. F

C. E

D. D

E. None of these

92. Who is sitting opposite to E?

A. F

B. A

C. D

D. B

E. None of these

93. Who among the following are sitting opposite to each other?

A. F, C

B. C, A

C. E, D

D. F, B

E. None of these

94. Who is sitting immediate right of F?

A. B

B. E

C. A

D. D

E. Can't be determined

95. Find the odd one from the following.

A. B, D

B. C, F

C. A, E

D. F, A

E. A, C

Direction (96 – 100) : Read the following information carefully to answer the questions given below.

In a certain code language,

'training is always necessary' is written as 'god asb byo mnp',

'teacher perception always right' is written as 'mnp den coh hen',

'teacher can stop training' is written as 'byo coh vyo rho'

'stop bad perception necessary' is written as 'den puk asb vyo'.

96. What is the code used for 'right'?

A. mnp

B. hen

C. den

D. coh

E. None of these

97. 'Puk' is the code used for which of the following?

A. stop

B. perception

C. bad

D. necessary

E. None of these

98.'hen god puk' would mean?

A. is right training

B. bad is right

C. training is bad

D. training right bad

E. None of these

99.'teacher is always linguist' would be written as

A. god coh pa mnp

B. byo asb mnp coh

C. mnp god coh vyo

D. god vyo den asb

E. None of these

100. Which word is represented by 'byo'?

A. necessary

B. stop

C. Training

D. perception

E. None of these

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